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## C. U. SHAH UNIVERSITY

Summer Examination-2022

## Subject Name: Cost Accounting - II

Subject Code: 4CO06CAC2

## Branch: B.Com (English)

Time: 02:30 To 05:30

Marks: 70

Instructions:
(1) Use of Programmable calculator \& any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
(2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
(3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
(4) Assume suitable data if needed.

## Q-1 Attempt the following questions:

a) Cost sheet income tax and donation are included in which cost of the following
(a)factory overheads
(b) selling overheads
(c) administrative cost
(d) none of the above
b) In cost sheet legal expense is shown as
(a) factory overhead (b) administrative overhead
(c) direct expenses
(d) distribution overhead
c) In paper industry following cost method is applied
(a) unit costing
(b) job costing
(c) process costing
(d) service costing
d) Advertisement is $\qquad$ expenses
(a) Factory Indirect
(b) Administrative Indirect
(c) Selling \& Distribution Indirect
(d) None of the above
e) Due to under recovery of overheads in cost accounts the profit of the cost account
(a) increase
(b) decreases
(c) remains constant
(d) decreases by double
f) Amount recorded in profit and loss account but not recorded in cost account
(a) preliminary expense
(b) factory expense
(c) office expands
(d) sales expensive
g) Which of the following items is shown in both accounts?
(a) penalty
(b) direct material
(c) reserve for a bad debt
(d) loss due to Investment selling
h) Which item is not recorded in process accounts...
(a) wages
(b) salary
(c) material
(d) donation
i) Which of the following items is not relevant with normal wastage during process?
(a) it is considered as part of products
(b)it cannot be zero percent
(c) it is an inevitable
(d) it can be controlled
j) In pharmaceutical business which costing method is used
(a) contract costing
(b) job costing (c) unit costing (d) batch costing
k) In which of the following industry job costing is used...
(a) book publication
(b) building construction
(c) cement industry
(d) printing work
l) In a process 2,000 units where introduced normal loss is 5\% then units of normal loss
(a) 100 units
(b) 250 units
(c) 300 units
(d) 200 units
m) Which detail is not included to find out economic quantity of batch ....
(a) Set up Cost
(b) Interest Rate
(c) Production cost Per unit
(d) Ordering expensive
n) From the following which item is not sold in Cost sheet
(a) Scrap value of raw material (b) WIP stock
(c) Salary
(d) Amount transfer to general reserve

## Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8

Nisha Ltd. produced and sold 10,000 'Power Bank' during 2020. The particulars are as under. Selling price per unit is Rs. 780.
Particulars
Materials
Direct Wages
Direct Expenses
Factory Expenses (40\% Variable)
Office Expenses(Fixed)
Selling Expenses (70\% Variable) 6,40,000
Total
During the year 2021 production and sale is estimated at 50,000 .
Power Bank. The additional information is as under:
(1) Direct Wages per unit will decrease by $20 \%$
(2) Fixed factory expenses will increase by Rs. 6,00,000.
(3) Office expenses will increase by $25 \%$.
(4) Variable Selling expenses will rise by Rs. 1.60 per unit.
(5) $25 \%$ profit is estimated on cost.

Prepare:

1. Statement of Cost per unit and total cost of 2020.
2. Estimated cost statement 2021.

Q-3 Attempt all questions
(a) Trading A/c and P \& L A/c of Marie Ltd. is as under, the year ending on 31-03-2020:
Dr.

| Particulars | Rs. | Particulars | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| To Materials | 40,000 | By Sales (2,700 | $1,00,000$ |
| .. Direct wages | 24,000 | Units) |  |
| ..Manufacturing Charg. | 16,000 | .. Closing Stock |  |
| ..Office Chahrges | 14,000 | (10\%of Production) | 8,000 |
| ..Selling charges | 9,000 | .. Interest Received | 400 |
| ..Preliminary Exp. |  | .Dividend Received | 400 |
| Written off. | 4,000 | .. Rent Received | 400 |
| .. Goodwill Written off | 200 |  |  |


| ..Net Profit | 2,000 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\underline{\mathbf{1 , 0 9 , 2 0 0}}$ |  | $\mathbf{1 , 0 9 , 2 0 0}$ |

The cost accounts give following information:
(1) Materials and Wages are taken at their cost price.
(2) Manufacturing charges are taken at $50 \%$ of wages.
(3) Office overheads at $20 \%$ of Factory Cost.
(4) Selling and distribution overheads at the rate of Rs. 3 per unit.

Prepare: 1. Cost sheet
2. Reconciliation Statement.
(b) The following information has been obtained from the records of M/s.

New Electronics, a manufactures of T. V. Set.
(1) Materials cost per T. V. Set - Rs. 450
(2) Wages per T. V. Set - Rs. 250
(3) Charge $60 \%$ of wages as works expenses
(4) Charge $20 \%$ prime cost as office expenses
(5) Number of units manufactured and sold $-4,000$
(6) Selling price per T. V. set - Rs. 2,000
(7) There was no opening or Closing stock of Raw materials, work in progress and finished goods.
Prepare a cost sheet showing profit as per costing records and a statement showing profit as per financial records. Actual factory expenses were Rs.6,20,000 and office expenses Rs.6,40,000.

Calculate Profit as per Cost Accounts.
Q-4
A product passes through two different processes A and B. following details are obtained. Prepare Process Accounts and Abnormal Gain or wastage Accounts.

| Particulars | Process-A | Process-B | Process-C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Direct Materials (Rs.) | 4,000 | 6,040 | 6,824 |
| Direct Wages (Rs.) | 7,000 | 8,452 | 10,000 |
| Indirect Expenses (Rs.) | 3,000 | 4,000 | 5,000 |

Materials of 1,000 units were introduced in Process A at a cost of $\square .10$ each
Other Information:

| Particulars | Process- <br> A | Process- <br> B | Process- <br> C |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Normal wastage of units |  |  |  |
| introduced | $10 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| Sales price of wastage per unit | Rs.6 | Rs.10 | Rs. 12 |
| Actual Production (in units ) | 920 | 870 | 800 |

There is no work-in process
Q-5 Attempt all questions
(a) Following information has been obtained in respect of job no. 311

Materials Rs. 80,200 .


## Wages:

Department - A 1,200 hours, at the rate of Rs. 3 per hour
Department - B 800 hours, at the rate of Rs. 2 per hour
Department C 400- hours, at the rate of Rs.5per hour

## Variable overheads:

Department - A Rs.6,700 which is for 6,700 labour
Department - B Rs.14,000 which is forRs.7,000 labour
Department - C Rs.24,000 which is forRs.6,000labour

## Fixed overheads:

Rs.30,000 for 15,000 hours
From the above information, calculate the cost of job no. 311 and determine the selling price after adding $25 \%$ profit on gnilles price.
$\begin{array}{llr}\text { (b) The following details are given for Job No. } 105 & \mathbf{0 4} \\ \text { Direct Material - Rs. } 25,000 \text {, Direct Labour - Rs. } 50,000 \\ \text { Factory Overheads - } 60 \% \text { on Direct Labor, Other expense 20\% on } \\ \text { Factory cost. The tender price should include 20\% profit on selling price. } \\ \text { What would be estimated selling price of Job No. 105. } \\ \text { Attempt all questions } & \mathbf{( 1 4 )} \\ \text { (a) Write features of Process Costing }\end{array}$
(b) Difference between Process Costing \& Job Costing 07

Q-7
Attempt all questions
(a) Reasons for disagreement in profit 07
(b) Advantages \& disadvantages of Job Costing 07

Q-8 Attempt all questions
(a) Write advantages of cost sheet 07
(b) Write short note on Indirect expenses 07


